

THE CNS ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY CRO



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In Vivo **Spinal Cord & DRG** Electrophysiology

Our Solutions

Spinal cord and DRG recordings can be used to validate new pain therapeutic targets and assess drug efficacy in recognized pain models, thanks to robust electrophysiological data. his technique represents an essential method to evaluate the analgesic potential of drug candidates.

Recordings are performed extracellularly in deeply anesthetized rodents under controlled physiological conditions.

- Pain modulating molecule in vivo assessment
- ⊘ Target validation
- Sefficacy determination
- \bigcirc MOA characterization

About

Our in vivo Spinal Cord & DRG

Electrophysiology recording platform

is hosted at E-Phys, an independant CRO founded in 2012 and located in Clermont-Ferrand, France.

E-Phys has many years of experience in the drug discovery field and collaborates with experts from CROs and large pharmaceutical companies.

Contact us

NsA - In Vitro Brain Slice Electrophysiology

Aix-en-Provence (FR) Bordeaux (FR)

San Diego (USA)

contact@neuroservices-alliance.com

Techniques & models

Lamina III-V dynamic wide range and nociceptive specific neurons

As Lamina III-V neurons receive dense input from peripheral mechanoreceptors and nociceptors, their recording can be used to assess the analgesic activity of both peripheral and central targets.

→ Recording of lamina III-V neurons is usually used for acute pharmacological studies.

Lamina I spinoparabrachial (SPB) neurons

Lamina I SPB neurons are identified using antidromic stimulation from the parabrachial area. Lamina I SPB neurons play an essential role in the affective component of pain.

Recording of Lamina I SPB neurons is best to evaluate the effect of chronic pain conditions and the corresponding treatment with analgesic drug candidates.

Pathophysiological models

Recordings are performed in controls and in animals with various experimental pathophysiological conditions (e.g. complete Freund's adjuvant induced inflamation, oxaliplatin induced polyneuropathy, nerve constriction induced mononeuropathy, etc...).

 \bigcirc Models can be developped on demand.

Sample Data

Search strategies

Experiments are performed using the same rig in identical conditions



C fibre related responses to electrical stimulation () were measured as number of action potentials and expressed as the ratio of response after injection/response before injection. Morphine (1 mM) or vehicle was applied on the spinal cord and naloxone (3 mg/kg) was injected i.v.



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